



# Meaning

Environmental ethics is the philosophical discipline that considers the moral and ethical relationship of human beings to the environment.

## Effects

- Air Pollution
- Water Pollution
- Global Warming
- Acid Rain
- Land Degradation

### **Environmental Ethics Principles**

- We should have profound respect for nature.
- We must maintain a harmonious relation with other species.
- Everyone should take responsibility for this impact on nature.
- Local & indigenous environmental knowledge should be respected.
- · We must plan for the long term.

#### **Precautions**

- Creating policies & practices
- Developing people's understanding
- Leadership must walk the talk
- Building culture of transparency



Not to exceed the standards of pollution prescribed by

the central government Safeguards in handling hazardous substances as per

prescribed procedures Information of accident caused by excess limits of pollution or pollutants or due to unforeseen events

cansing pollution Steps to mitigate the environmental pollution

#### Responsibilities Under the Act

- Not to exceed the standards of pollution prescribed by the central government
- Safeguards in handling hazardous substances as per prescribed procedures
- Information of accident caused by excess limits of pollution or pollutants or due to unforeseen events causing pollution
- Steps to mitigate the environmental pollution

#### **Environmental acts in India**

- The air (prevention and control of pollution) Act,
  1981, amended in 1988
- The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- The Water (Prevention and Control of pollution)
  Act, 1974
- The Hazardous Waste Act ,1989
- The Wildlife Protection Act, 1972
- The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 amended in 1988