

THE STORY OF MARIJUANA
MARIJUANA HAS BEEN USED FOR CENTURIES AS A MEDICINE AND A DRUG. IT IS A NATURAL PRODUCT OF THE CANNABIS SATIVA PLANT, WHICH GROWS IN WARM CLIMATES. THE PLANT HAS THREE MAIN TYPES: SATIVA, INDICA, AND HYBRIDS. SATIVA IS KNOWN FOR ITS UPRIGHT GROWTH AND EUPHORIC EFFECTS, WHILE INDICA IS SHORTER AND MORE RELAXING. HYBRIDS COMBINE THE BEST OF BOTH. MARIJUANA IS USED IN MEDICINE FOR PAIN, NAUSEA, AND APPETITE LOSS. IT IS ALSO USED RECREATIONALLY FOR ITS PSYCHOACTIVE EFFECTS. THE LEGAL STATUS OF MARIJUANA Varies BY COUNTRY AND STATE, WITH SOME PLACING IT UNDER STRICT REGULATION AND OTHERS BANNING IT ENTIRELY.



THE HISTORY

OLD TIME

Marijuana has been used for centuries as a medicine and a drug. It is a natural product of the Cannabis sativa plant, which grows in warm climates. The plant has three main types: sativa, indica, and hybrids. Sativa is known for its upright growth and euphoric effects, while indica is shorter and more relaxing. Hybrids combine the best of both. Marijuana is used in medicine for pain, nausea, and appetite loss. It is also used recreationally for its psychoactive effects. The legal status of marijuana varies by country and state, with some placing it under strict regulation and others banning it entirely.

MEDICAL MARIJUANA

PRESENT DAY

THE STATES

As of 2023, there are 37 states in the U.S. that have medical marijuana laws. These laws allow patients with certain medical conditions to use cannabis products. The conditions typically include chronic pain, cancer, HIV/AIDS, and multiple sclerosis. Some states also allow for the use of medical marijuana for conditions like PTSD and depression. Patients must usually obtain a prescription from a licensed healthcare provider. The legal market for medical marijuana is growing, with many states having dispensaries where patients can purchase their medicine.

THE NEW YORK STATE LAW
New York State has a comprehensive medical marijuana law. It allows patients with qualifying conditions to use cannabis products. The qualifying conditions include chronic pain, cancer, HIV/AIDS, and multiple sclerosis. Patients must obtain a prescription from a licensed healthcare provider. The law also allows for the use of medical marijuana for conditions like PTSD and depression. The legal market for medical marijuana is growing, with many states having dispensaries where patients can purchase their medicine.

THE TWO TYPES

There are two main types of marijuana: sativa and indica. Sativa is known for its upright growth and euphoric effects. It is often used for recreational purposes. Indica is shorter and more relaxing. It is often used for medical purposes. Hybrids combine the best of both. The legal status of marijuana varies by country and state, with some placing it under strict regulation and others banning it entirely.

INDICA

SOME INDICA

BLU SHOGUN

OG KUSH

BLACKJACK

OG OG

SOME SATIVA

SATIVA

SOME SATIVA BLENDS ARE:

BLUECRACKER OG

VORTEX

BUBBLEGUM

BLUEBERRY HAZE

MEDICAL CONDITIONS THAT MARIJUANA HELPS

CONDITIONS VARY FROM STATE TO STATE BUT THERE ARE BASIC ILLNESSES THAT MARIJUANA COVERS. THEY ARE: AIDS, ALZHEIMER'S, ARTHRITIS, ASTHMA, CHRONIC PAIN, EPILEPSY/ SEIZURES, GLAUCOMA, HEPATITIS C, MIGRAINES, MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS / MUSCLE SPASMS, NAUSEA / CHEMOTHERAPY, PAIN / ANALGESIA, PSYCHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS, AND TOURNETTE'S SYNDROME.

NECESSING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE

EACH STATE THAT LEGALIZES MEDICAL MARIJUANA CAN CREATE THEIR OWN RULES ON HOW TO GET A LICENSE. MOST STATES HAVE A SYSTEM SET UP WHERE YOU MUST PAY A FEE AND FILL OUT AN APPLICATION ALONG WITH PROVIDING A PHYSICIAN'S RECOMMENDATION. THE REQUIREMENTS VARY BY STATE, BUT MOSTLY INVOLVE PROVIDING PROOF OF A QUALIFYING MEDICAL CONDITION. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW OTHER STATES' PATIENTS TO GET MARIJUANA IN THEIR STATES.

THE LAW AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA

ALTHOUGH STATES HAVE PASSED BILLS ON LEGALIZING MEDICAL MARIJUANA, IT IS STILL A SCHEDULE I DRUG. THIS MEANS THERE ARE MANY CHALLENGES TO GETTING A LICENSE. STATES ARE CHANGING LAWS FAST, AND YOU CAN JUST CHANGE IT. IT IS THE PHYSICIAN'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ASSESS THE PATIENT'S NEEDS AND PROVIDE THE APPROPRIATE MEDICATION. STATES ARE WORKING TO MAKE THE PROCESS EASIER FOR PATIENTS. SOME STATES HAVE CREATED FAST-TRACK PROGRAMS FOR PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CONDITIONS. IT IS IMPORTANT FOR PATIENTS TO STAY INFORMED ABOUT THE LATEST LAWS AND REGULATIONS IN THEIR STATES.

SOURCES

THE NEW YORK STATE LAW
NEW YORK STATE HAS A COMPREHENSIVE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LAW. IT ALLOWS PATIENTS WITH QUALIFYING CONDITIONS TO USE CANNABIS PRODUCTS. THE QUALIFYING CONDITIONS INCLUDE CHRONIC PAIN, CANCER, HIV/AIDS, AND MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS. PATIENTS MUST OBTAIN A PRESCRIPTION FROM A LICENSED HEALTHCARE PROVIDER. THE LAW ALSO ALLOWS FOR THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FOR CONDITIONS LIKE PTSD AND DEPRESSION. THE LEGAL MARKET FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS GROWING, WITH MANY STATES HAVING DISPENSARIES WHERE PATIENTS CAN PURCHASE THEIR MEDICINE.

IF YOU ARE CURRENTLY TAKING MEDICATION FOR A MEDICAL CONDITION, IT IS IMPORTANT TO TALK TO YOUR DOCTOR ABOUT THE RISKS OF USING MARIJUANA. MARIJUANA CAN INTERFERE WITH SOME MEDICATIONS, AND IT CAN ALSO CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS. IT IS IMPORTANT TO START WITH A LOW DOSE AND INCREASE IT SLOWLY. IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT TO AVOID DRIVING OR OPERATING MACHINERY WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF MARIJUANA. ALWAYS USE RESPONSIBLY AND FOLLOW THE LAW.

MEDICAL MARIJUANA

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THE HISTORY

EARLY YEARS

EARLY YEARS

EARLY ON THE CANNABIS PLANT WAS USED IN FABRICS BECAUSE OF ITS STRENGTH, IT IS HYPO-ALLERGENIC, AND IT HAS THE FEEL OF ACTUAL LINEN DEPENDING ON THE BLEND OF FABRIC USED. SCYTHIAN PEOPLE USED IT AS OFFERINGS TO THE DEAD. IT GREW IN POPULARITY IN NORTHERN EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST. WHILE CONTROL OVER THE COLONIES WAS STILL STRONG THE FRENCH AND THE BRITISH GREW HEMP FOR TRADE. AROUND 1840 MARIJUANA WAS USED AS A BASE FOR MANY MEDICINES. ABOUT 1883 HASHISH SMOKING PARLORS WERE OPENING UP AROUND THE NORTHEASTERN PART OF THE UNITED STATES. FROM 1913 TO 1927 THE STATES CALIFORNIA, UTAH, TEXAS, LOUISIANA, AND NEW YORK PROHIBITED MARIJUANA BUT NOT STRICTLY.

THE START OF PROHIBITION

THE START OF PROHIBITION

ALONG WITH SOME STATES TAKING A SIDE ON PROHIBITION A MAN BY THE NAME OF HARRY J. ANSLINGER RAN THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF NARCOTICS THAT CAME ABOUT WHEN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT GAINED CONTROL OVER ILLEGAL DRUGS. ANSLINGER TOOK HIS VIEWS ON DRUGS AND SHAPED WHAT AMERICANS THOUGHT OF MARIJUANA INTO HIS IDEAL VIEW. AS THINGS STARTED GETTING MORE SERIOUS NEW WAYS TO SMUGGLE THE DRUG TO THE STATES STARTED TO TAKE SHAPE. JAZZ MUSICIANS WOULD TRANSPORT THE DRUG COMING IN THROUGH THE SOUTHERN HARBORS TO NORTHERN STATES WHILE THEY MOVED AROUND TO DO CONCERTS. SINCE THINGS WEREN'T WORKING OUT EXACTLY AS ANSLINGER WANTED HE STARTED NATIONWIDE CAMPAIGNS WITH PROPAGANDA FILMS TO LURE PEOPLE TO HIS SIDE, ONE FILM WAS CALLED REEFER MADNESS. AFTER THE REEFER MADNESS SCARE GOVERNMENT TOOK ACTION BY PUTTING INTO ACTION THE MARIJUANA TAX STAMP ACT. THIS STATED THAT IT IS STILL LEGAL TO PRODUCE AND SELL MARIJUANA AS LONG AS YOU HAD A TAX STAMP ISSUED BY THE U.S. TREASURY; THE KICK WAS THAT THE TREASURY WAS NOT TO ISSUE ANY OF THESE STAMPS SO THAT NO ONE COULD GROW OR SELL LEGALLY.



