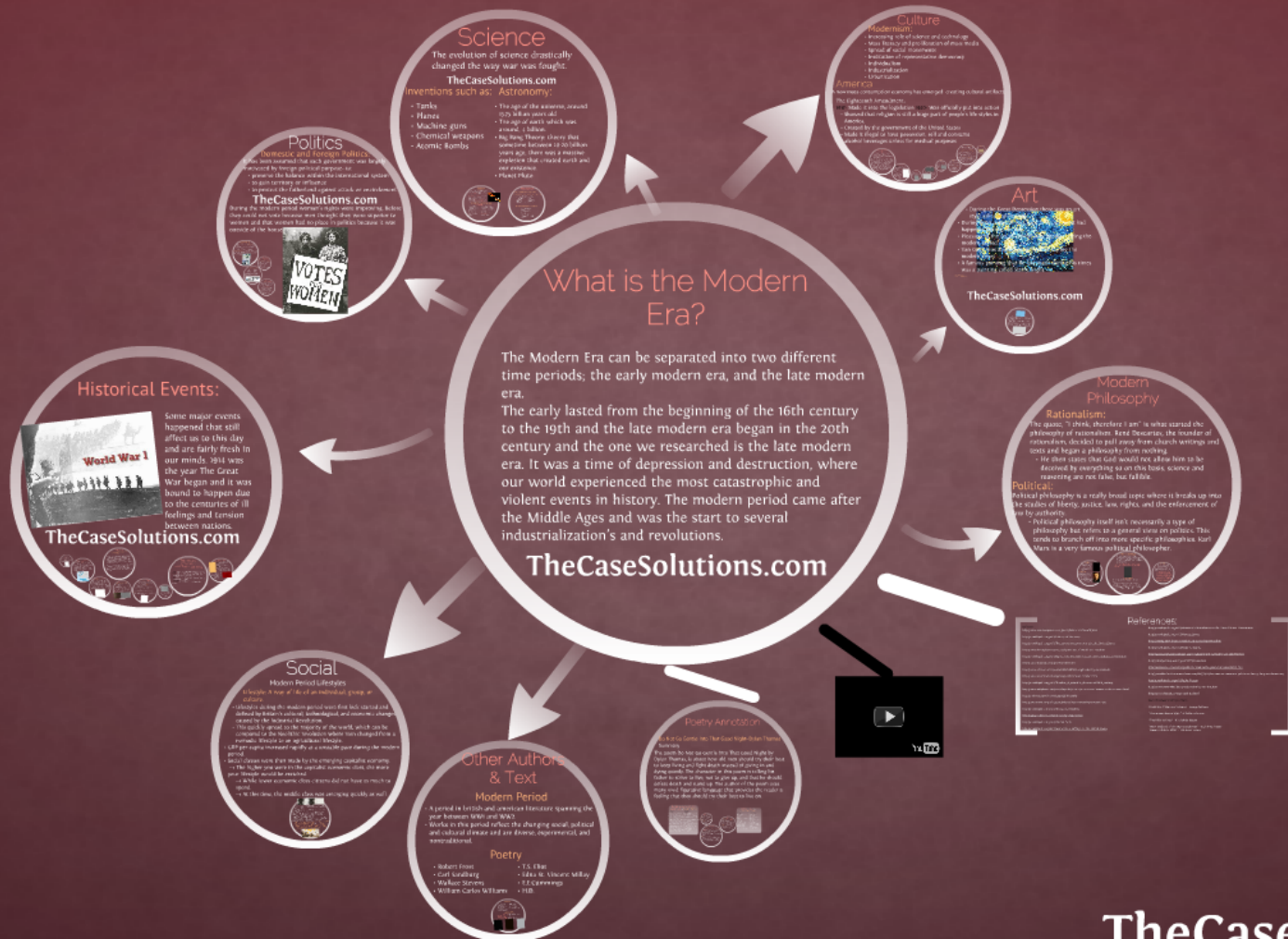
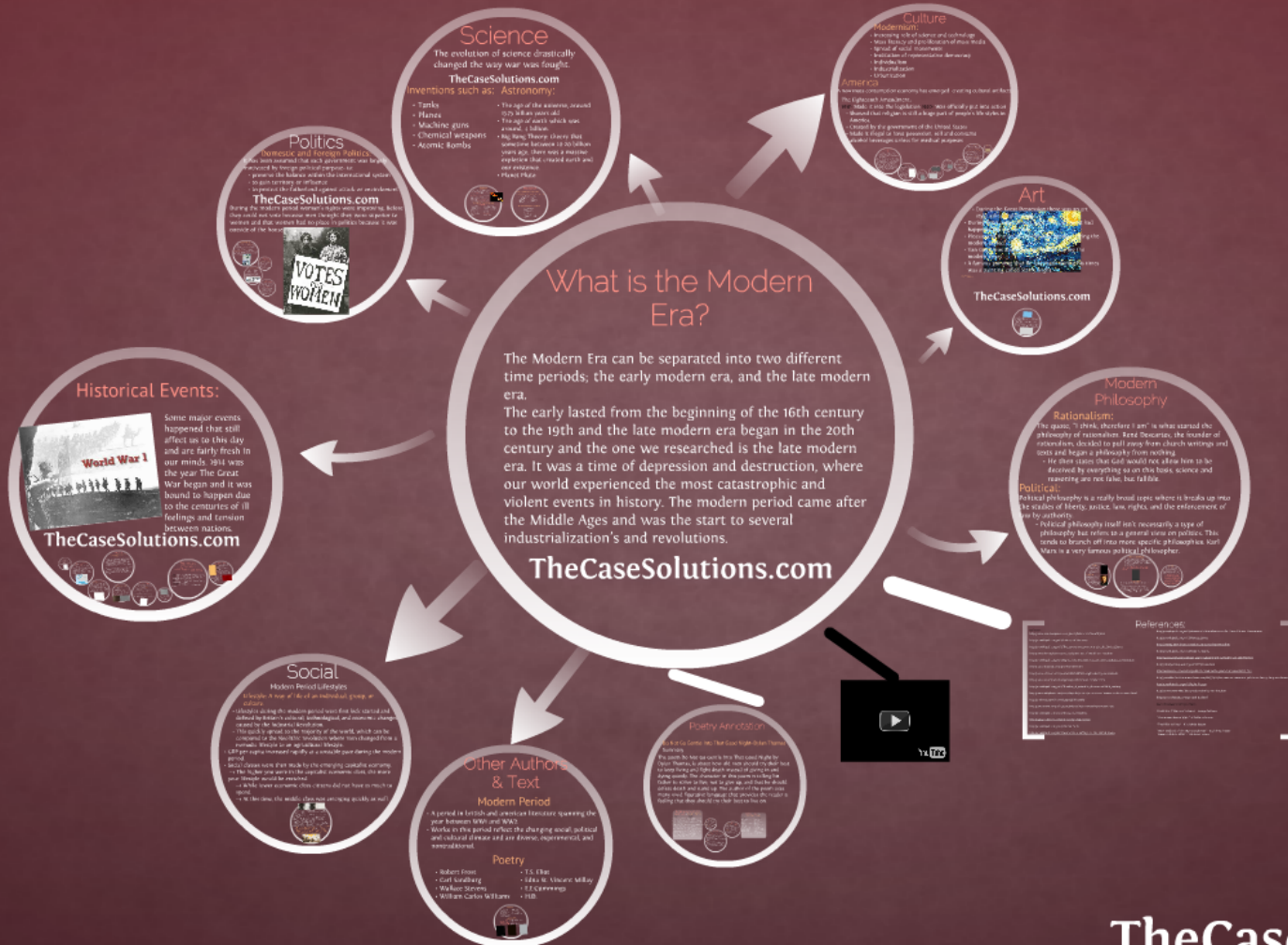


Utilis: Designing, Producing, and Selling Rapid Deployment Shelters for a Troubled World



Utilis: Designing, Producing, and Selling Rapid Deployment Shelters for a Troubled World



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Improving. Before
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15th Century & 16th Century	
1492	Columbus discovered America
1500	Spain discovered Brazil
1517	Lutheran Reformation
1543	Copernicus' heliocentric model
1581	First printing press in England

Other Events Occurred	
1517	Reformation
1543	Copernicus' heliocentric model
1581	First printing press in England
1609	Galileo's telescope
1642	Newton's laws of motion
1687	Newton's Principia
1783	Montgolfier's hot air balloon
1789	French Revolution
1809	Watt's steam engine
1848	Marx's Communist Manifesto
1859	Darwin's On the Origin of Species
1914	World War I
1929	Wall Street Crash
1945	World War II
1954	Nuclear Energy
1969	Apollo 11
1979	Iranian Revolution
1989	Berlin Wall
1991	Soviet Union
2001	9/11
2008	Financial Crisis
2011	Arab Spring
2015	Paris Agreement
2020	COVID-19

What is the Modern Era?

The Modern Era can be separated into two different time periods; the early modern era, and the late modern era.

The early lasted from the beginning of the 16th century to the 19th and the late modern era began in the 20th century and the one we researched is the late modern era. It was a time of depression and destruction, where our world experienced the most catastrophic and violent events in history. The modern period came after the Middle Ages and was the start to several industrialization's and revolutions.

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- During the style called
- During WWI happened in modern period
- Picasso and Van Gogh were modern times
- A famous painting was a painting

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Historical Events:



Some major events happened that still affect us to this day and are fairly fresh in our minds. 1914 was the year The Great War began and it was bound to happen due to the centuries of ill feelings and tension between nations.

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Total War
The concept of total war emerged during World War I, where the distinction between combatants and non-combatants blurred. This led to the targeting of civilians and the use of unrestricted submarine warfare.

Scramble of the Globe
The Scramble of the Globe refers to the period of intense competition for overseas territories and colonies between European powers in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.

League of Nations
The League of Nations was an international organization established in 1919 to maintain world peace and prevent future wars. It was the first time that all major powers were part of a global organization.

Time of Ultra-nationalism AKA The In-War Years
1911 Japan drops out of the League of Nations
1911 Italy joins the Scramble for Africa and invades Abyssinia (Ethiopia)
1912 Japan goes to war with China as they try to occupy the country
1914 Adolf Hitler's rise and control of power

The Holocaust
The Holocaust was the systematic, state-sponsored persecution and murder of six million Jews by the Nazi regime and its collaborators between 1941 and 1945.

Politics

Domestic and Foreign Politics:

It has been assumed that each government was largely motivated by foreign political purpose- to:

- preserve the balance within the international system
- to gain territory or influence
- to protect the fatherland against attack or encirclement.

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During the modern period woman's rights were improving. Before they could not vote because men thought they were superior to women and that women had no place in politics because it was outside of the house.

World War I drew in economic great powers. Allied nations started the war related to:

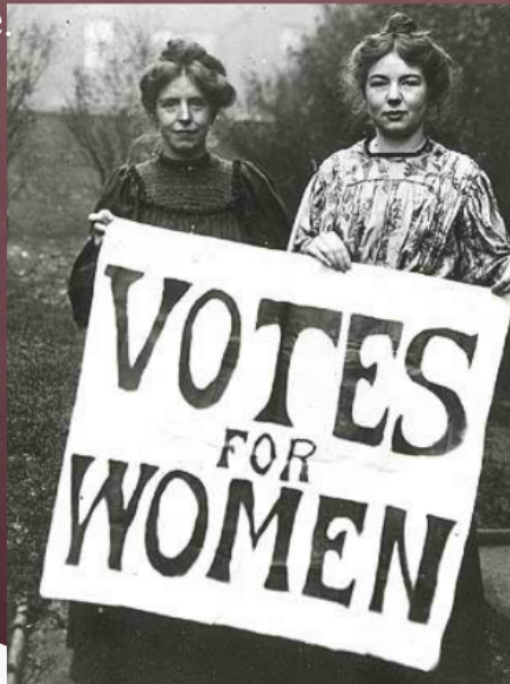
- Germany invaded Belgium and Luxembourg who was neutral
- Then Britain declare war on Germany
- Robert and Walter who were part of the government of Canada contributed to passing a law so women to go to war and the women would finally they passed the Military Voters Act.



Year	Country	Percentage
1918	Canada	21%
1919	Canada	21%
1920	Canada	21%
1921	Canada	21%
1922	Canada	21%
1923	Canada	21%
1924	Canada	21%
1925	Canada	21%
1926	Canada	21%
1927	Canada	21%
1928	Canada	21%
1929	Canada	21%
1930	Canada	21%

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- Machine
- Chemical
- Atomic B



In nations like the Soviet Union and Germany during the Modern Era, attempts to build communist and fascist states and societies occurred.

Political and economic changes were results of mechanization in society

The industrialization of many nations was influenced by the industrialization of Britain. Particular facets in the late modern era included:

- Increasing role of science and technology
- Mass literacy and proliferation of mass media
- Spread of social movements
- Institution of representative democracy
- Individualism
- Industrialization
- Urbanization

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-24%	-41%
-34%	-29%
-54%	-61%
+214%	+232%

Partitioning of the Ottoman Empire

1922->October 30 - November 1

- Was a huge political event that occurred after World War 1
- It was the state of mass by territories and people that formerly comprised the ottoman empire that was divided into several new nations

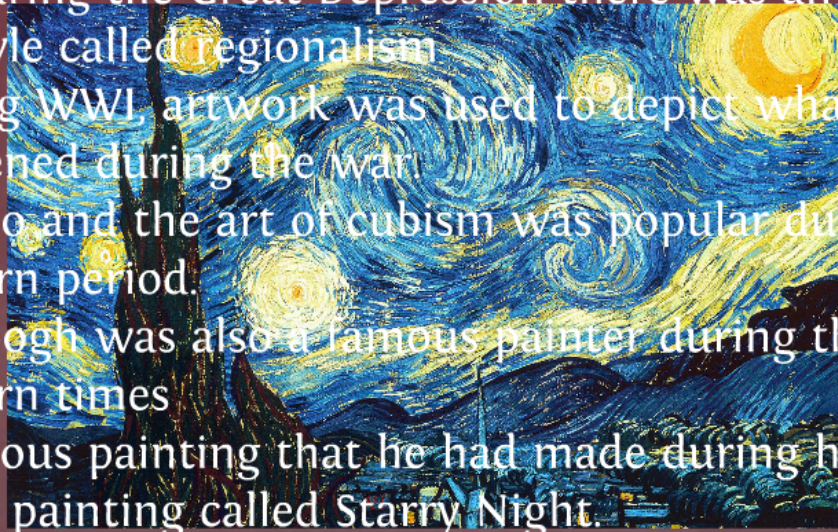
Isolationism

The doctrine to isolate one's country from the affairs of other nations by declining to enter into alliances, foreign economic commitments, international agreements, and generally attempting to make one's economy entirely self-reliant; seeking to devote the entire efforts of one's country to its own advancement, both diplomatically and economically, while remaining in a state of peace by avoiding foreign entanglements and responsibilities.

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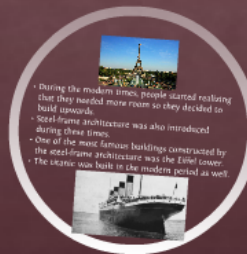
Art

- During the Great Depression there was an art style called regionalism
- During WWI, artwork was used to depict what had happened during the war.
- Picasso and the art of cubism was popular during the modern period.
- Van Gogh was also a famous painter during the modern times
- A famous painting that he had made during his times was a painting called Starry Night.



Architecture

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Science

The evolution of science drastically changed the way war was fought.

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Inventions such as: **Astronomy:**

- Tanks
 - Planes
 - Machine guns
 - Chemical weapons
 - Atomic Bombs
- The age of the universe, around 13.75 billion years old
 - The age of earth which was around, 4 billion.
 - Big Bang Theory: theory that sometime between 10-20 billion years ago, there was a massive explosion that created earth and our existence.
 - Planet Pluto

Politics:
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Biology
The idea of genes were eventually accepted and developed significantly.
- Studies of DNA (Mendel's experiments, Darwin's theory of evolution)
- Watson and Crick's discovery of DNA structure
- Discoveries the importance of the human genome
- The role of sound reproduction was also understood in this time.

Engineering & Technology
Achievements

- Radio Applications
- Steam engines
- Clothes dryers
- Refrigerators
- Electric power
- Modern elevators
- Buses
- First airplane flown
- New materials such as steel, plastic, polystyrene.
- Solving
- New chemicals
- Space Race
- Space Probes



Medicine
Many vaccines were produced and developed for numerous diseases such as:

- Polio, typhoid, and meningitis
- Influenza
- Diphtheria
- Whooping Cough
- Malaria
- Chicken Pox
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Gonorrhea

Other Events/Discoveries

- X Rays introduced
- Creation of Steamers
- Consumption of Tobacco
- Antiseptics like Influenza - Spanish Flu
- AIDS

