

Discrimination in the Courts

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were other cases that challenged the courts

NAACP & CIVIL RIGHTS STRUGGLES

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The NAACP was an organization who played a significant role in the Civil Rights movement.

W.E.B. Dubois, author of NAACP journal, *The Crisis*, administered a program of self-defense studies to help insecure black people.

Black Veterans played a prominent role in making major contributions to NAACP in 1920s.

The NAACP sponsored a legal campaign led by Thurgood Marshall and Charles Houston to fight against educational and political restrictions, by reinforcing black connections.

New Deal Programs

The New Deal provided some opportunity to African Americans but disproportionately benefited White Americans. While most of the programs were designed to protect discrimination and helplessness, they were administered fairly, especially in the South.

Approximately 30% of African Americans were unemployed during the Great Depression.

- Agriculture Adjustment Act (AAA)
- National Industrial Recovery Act (NIRA)
- Federal Emergency Relief Administration (FERA)
- Works Progress Administration (WPA)
- Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)
- Public Works Administration (PWA)
- Civil Works Administration (CWA)



Political Allies for Racial Justice



I'm not the smartest fellow in the world, but I can sure pick some smart colleagues. -FDR

FDR's Black Cabinet



L'Oreal S.A.: Rolling out the Global Diversity Strategy

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John L. Lewis (1880-1969)



- Lewis was the president of the United Mine Workers of America (UMWA) and the Committee for Industrial Organization (CIO).
- The UMWA was committed to the interracial & multi-ethnic organizing which enables more African Americans to participate in the labor movements

In Conclusion

- Research started up until November of 1972.

- The disease was spread from the patients to black slaves who had no children who were kept by themselves with congenital syphilis.

The Office for Human Research Protections



TUSKEGEE EXPERIMENT TEST SUBJECT

In 1973, a new organization was formed to ensure the rights of patients were protected. Federal laws and regulations regarding Institutional Review Boards were put into motion.



At the time of Black Social?

18:5 Organized Labor & Black America

- Before the 1930s, unions affiliated with the National American Federation of Labor, mostly had black on segregated locals.
- Federal union excluded black unions, and the American Federation of Labor (AFL) didn't cooperate with African Americans or recent European immigrants.
- Most blacks in unions were men and some of the men represented and helped improve the lives of black workers.

18:1 Conclusion

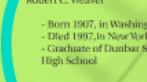
The Great Depression was considered a watershed for some of the things that occurred in such a short period of time.



18:6 The Communist Party & African Americans



Founded in 1919, the Communist Party of the United States of America (CPUSA) was a Marxist-Leninist political party in the United States.



What happened?

- Between the years 1932 and 1972 syphilis was administered to at least 600 african american men.
- They were not notified that they were agreeing to contracting the deadly if not treated disease.
- Instead they were told they were being treated for bad blood.

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Black Social Scientist Cont.

Walter D. Dill Scott

Born July 18, 1875
Graduated from the University of Chicago in 1897
Sought study's foundation for Chicago and Foreign Mission in Chicago
Published the Chicago Black Social and Industrial Institute for Training Negro Girls - 1912



Black Businesses in the Depression

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18:3 American Americans and FDR's New Deal



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18:4 The Rise of Black Social Scientist

- During 1933 to 1943, the Roosevelt administration employed a plethora of the following black professionals:
 - Industries
 - Universities
 - Laborers
 - Office Managers
 - Engineers
 - Social Workers
 - Scientists
 - Statisticians
- Nearly 200 African American received Ph.D's during this era.

18:5 Organized Labor & Black America

- Before the 1930's, unions affiliated with the National American Federation of Labor, restricted blacks to segregated locals.
- Railroad unions excluded blacks entirely and the American Federation of Labor (AFL) didn't cooperate with African Americans or recent European immigrants.
- Most blacks in unions were men and some of the men represented and helped improve the lives of black women.

18:2 Black Protest during during the Great Depression

During the 1930s and 1940s, African American men and women began to protest in order to gain equal rights and better living conditions.



What happened?

- Between the years 1932 and 1972 syphilis was administered to at least 600 African American men.
- They were not notified that they were agreeing to contracting the deadly if not treated disease.
- Instead they were told they were being treated for bad blood.

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Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. (1929-1968)

Many of the hospitals, clinics, and training facilities in the South during the Great Depression. Research this way to see how the situation was during the time.



Several Factors leading up to the Great Depression

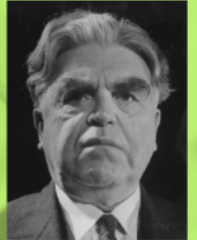
The Great Depression was a severe crisis following the stock market crash in 1929.

- Overproduction
- Unemployment
- Overvalued stock market
- Overvalued real estate market
- Overvalued agricultural market
- Overvalued industrial market



John L. Lewis (1880-1969)

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- The UMWA was committed to the interracial & multi-ethnic organizing which enables more African Americans to participate in the labor movements



Scottsboro Trial

Nine African American young men on a freight train were accused of raping a white woman. The youngest, 14-year-old, was sentenced to life in prison.



Angela Davis

As a defense for the 1950s, she was arrested and accused of attempting to incite a revolution in May 1950.

Communist Party VS NAACP

- The Communist Party and the NAACP competition for African American support.
- The NAACP felt that the Communist Party was a threat to the efforts of African Americans.

Black Social Scientist Cont.

by McLeod Bethune

born July 10, 1875
Daytona, South Carolina
graduate of Scotia Seminary in 1904
founded the Daytona Educational and Industrial Institute for Training Negroes in 1911
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founded the Daytona Educational and Industrial Institute for Training Negroes in 1911



Several Factors leading up to the Great Depression

The Great Depression was a economic crisis following the stock market crash in 1929.

- Rampant selection
- Corporate capitalism's drive for markets and profits unchecked by federal regulation
- The failure of government or private sector to understand how the economy works\
- a weak international system
- overproduction and low prices for many agricultural goods and raw materials
- The great inequality of wealth and income that limited the purchasing power of millions of Americans



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Harder Times For Black America



Black women were affected more than the black men. There were fewer jobs through domestic service and they were only hired and paid little to no money.



These two women, Marvel Cooke and Ella Baker, wrote "The Bronx Slave Market", exposing how "well-paid" white women would select black women to work for them paying them 15 cents to 25 cents and sometimes no money at all. They said that it reminded them of the old slave marts in antebellum South.

Black Businesses in the Depression

Two types of black-owned businesses demonstrated the rise or fall during the Great Depression; insurance companies and banks

In 1940 when money started to look better the insurance companies were doing well.

- Atlanta Life
- Supreme Life
- Golden State
- NC Mutual Life

Atlanta Life founded by a former slave named Alonzo Herndon, survived the Great Depression with substantial profit.

NC Mutual Life, founded by C.C. Spaulding in 1899 is still one of the largest black-owned insurance companies in the United States. (Durham,NC)



The Binga Bank

The Binga Bank was Chicago's first black-owned-and-operated financial institution(Jesse Binga).Founded in 1908, it was an important symbol of black capitalism until July 31,1930 when it was padlocked by Illinois state auditors. The bank was too invested in black churches and fraternal societies who couldn't pay their payments on time because of the economic crisis. In which Binga refused to seize the properties of these communities

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Dr. Matilda Evans(1872-1935)

Many of the hospitals, clinics, and nursing training schools couldn't survive the Depression. Because of this many blacks health were diminishing. Some physicians began to encourage their patients to demand admissions into segregated government-operated hospitals. A black lady physician by the name of Dr. Matilda Evans and other healthcare professionals provided free medical and dental care for people. In July of 1930 when Dr. Matilda Evans opened up her short-lived clinic over 700 people showed up. Even though it didn't last very long it encouraged blacks to be more aggressive with he state when it comes to public resources.



↑
"Hoovervilles"



He believed that government should do little to interfere with the economy. Although he had hoped that the businesses would create new jobs and restore consumer spending that did not happen. The businesses took the government loans and still laid off workers. He also pushed for local governments and charities to help the unemployed, homeless, and the starving masses. "Hoovervilles" became a popular term used which referred to a heap of tin, cardboard, and burlap next to the railroads, and its where men, women, and children began to settle. He still didn't provide federal relief. He also was racists in politics. He wanted to create a white Republican Party in the South and also kept trying to appoint to the Us Supreme Judge of NC who believed in "seperate but equal"and also by displacing black Republican leaders

***18:2 Black Protest
during during the
Great Depression***

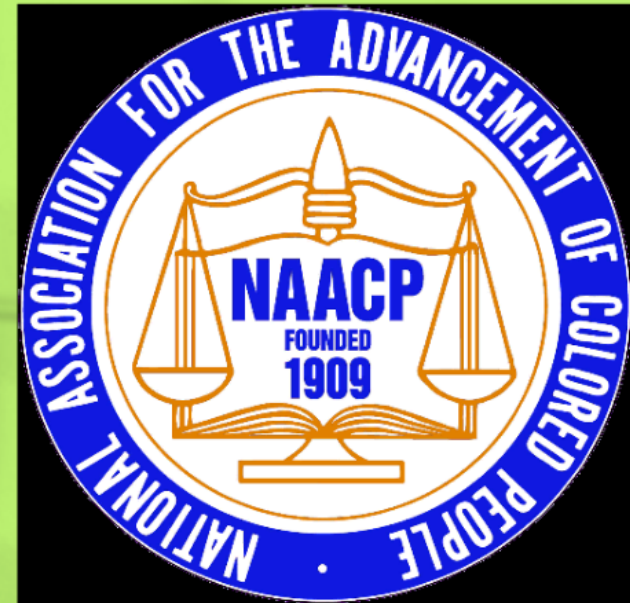
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During the 1930s and 1940s, African American men and women were determined to use any resource they had to destroy racial injustice.



NAACP & CIVIL RIGHTS STRUGGLES

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**The NAACP was a organization
who played a significant role in the
Civil Rights movement.**

W.E.B. DuBois, editor of NAACP journal, The Crisis advocated a program of self-determination to help empower black people.

The NAACP sponsored a legal campaign led by Thurgood Marshall and Charles Houston to help fight against educational and political discrimination, by mobilizing black communities.

**Black Women played a prominent
role & made major contributions to
NAACP in 1930's.**

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