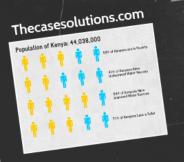
THE WATER CHALLENGE IN KENYA: A CHALLENGE OR AN

Kenya's Geographic Facts Total area: 580.367 sq km Land area: 569.140 sq km Wester area: 11,277 sq km Climate: tropical along coast and dey in interior Terrain: low plains rise to central highlands bisected by Great Rift Valley; fertile plateau in the west Lakes: Lake Victoria and Lake Turkana Thecasesolutions.com **Thecasesolutions.com**



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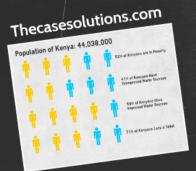


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- · Total area: 580,367 sq km
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- Terrain: low plains rise to central highlands bisected by Great Rift Valley: fertile plateau in the west Lakes: Lake Victoria and Lake Turkana

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Recommendations for addressing Kenya's water crisis

- Efficiently use the water from underground Use salt water filters to filter the salt water
- for more drinkable water Re-use water (ex. use left over bathing
- water to water crops)





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Kenya's Basic Facts

- Relative location: Kenya is located in East Africa and borders countries such as Somalia and Ethiopia.
- · Is the 49th largest country in the world
- Has glaciers on Mount Kenya
- · Is governed by a republic government
- A common place for slave trafficking



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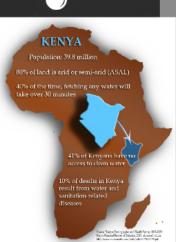
Mount Kenya

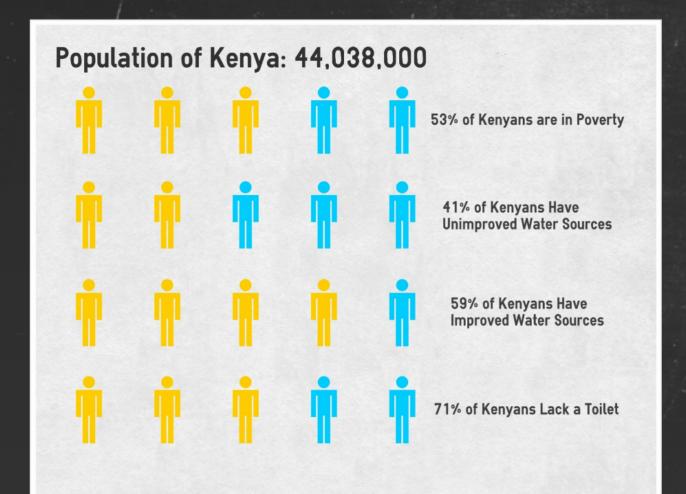


Situation of the Kenyan water crisis

- 40 million people living in Kenya
- About 17 million do not have do not have access to clean water
- Mainly caused by years of recurrent droughts
- Poor management of water supply
- Contamination of available water
- Increase in water demand from relatively high population growth
- Most of the urban poor Kenyans only have access to polluted water







Problems specific to Kenya Thecasesolutions.com

Water pollution from urban and industrial wastes

Degradation of water quality from increased use of pesticides and fertilizers

Recurring droughts

Flooding during rainy seasons

· Water hyacinth infestation in Lake Victoria







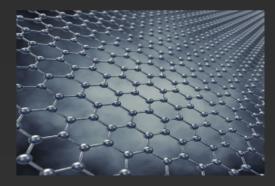
Water hyacinth is considered one of the world's worst water weeds. It invades lakes, ponds, canals, rivers, spreads and degrades aquatic ecosystems, and interferes with water treatment, irrigation, and water supply.

Adressing Kenya's water crisis



- Efficiently use the water from underground and Lake Victoria
- Use salt water filters to filter the salt water for more drinkable water
- Re-use water (ex. use left over bathing water to water crops)





Recommendations for addressing Kenya's water crisis

- Construct water harvesting system on houses
- Decrease deforestation to increase the precipitation (evapotranspiration)
- Decrease the population in Kenya so more water is available for the remaining population
- · Manage farms so they do not drain the river of its water



