Anatomy · Earthworms are invertebrates. That is, they do not have a backbone. Insects, sea stars, spiders, jellyfish, and millipedes are other examples of invertebrate animals. Some species of Earthworms have a body composed of over 100 segments Relatives Earthworms relatives are the following Leches, Polychaete worms, and Oligochaete worms. Habitat Worms live where there is food, moisture, oxygen and, favorable temperature. Diet Metallgiesse Buthworms feed on decaying organic matter in the soil. The worms eat the bacteria, fungi and algae that are in the drt. The nutrients in the soil are partially dispetted by the worms, making the soil easily used by the plants. ri Worms AG Thecasesolutions.com

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